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What is claimed is:

- 1. A method for forming a coating comprising the steps of: providing a substrate; and
- electrophoretically forming the coating using a dispersion of ceria nanoparticles; such that a coating comprising nanoceria is formed on at least a portion the substrate.
- 2. The method of claim 1, wherein the electrophoretic forming step is carried out by applying a voltage having a DC component and/or an AC component to the substrate and at least one counter-electrode, wherein the voltage is continuous, pulsed, or arbitrarily increasing or decreasing with time
- 3. The method of claim 2, wherein at least one counter-electrode comprises two counter-electrodes.

- **4**. The method of claim **1**, wherein the cerium oxide nanoparticles comprise cerium in the 3+ oxidation state or 4+ oxidation state, or both.
- 5. The method of claim 1, further comprising after the nanoceria coating has been formed, heating the substrate to  $200\text{-}450^{\circ}$  C. for 1-2.5 hr.
- **6**. The method as recited in claim **1**, wherein one electrode is a Ti electrode and two electrodes are nonconsumable counter-electrodes.
- 7. A coating by the process of claim 1, further characterized by nanoceria having a surface cerium 3+/4+ oxidation state ratio such that such that the coating exhibits catalase mimetic activity, superoxide dismutase mimetic activity, or both.
- 8. The coating of claim 7, comprising a coating for a prosthesis.
- $\boldsymbol{9}.$  A method of conducting an orthopedic procedure, the method comprising
  - obtaining an implant comprising a substrate having one or more nanoceria coatings coated at least partially thereon, wherein the one or more nanoceria coatings comprise surface cerium having a 3+/4+ oxidation state ratio such that the one or more nanoceria coatings exhibit catalase mimetic activity, superoxide dismutase mimetic activity, or both; and

implanting the implant in a subject in need thereof.

- 10. The method of claim 9, wherein the implanting comprises contacting the implant with bone tissue.
- 11. A method of reducing osteolysis in a subject in need, the method comprising administering nanoceria comprising catalase activity, superoxide dismutase activity, or both, to an injury, defect or disease site of bone in the subject.
- 12. A bone paste comprising nanoceria comprising catalase activity, superoxide dismutase activity, or both, and at least one of an osteoinductive or osteoconductive component
- 13. The bone paste of claim 12, further comprising a suitable carrier component.
- **14**. The bone paste of claim **12** further comprising a bone paste additive component.

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